



Α	В	С	D	E	F	
Vehicle Text						
Major Glad, Major Dizzy	Rapunzel	Hermelin	Where the Wild Things Are	The Secret of Black Rock	The Last Wolf	
		Writing Outcome	& Writing Purpose			
Narrative: Discovery Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: A Traditional Tale Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: A Detective Story Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: A Portal Story Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: A Return Story Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: A Hunting Story Purpose: To narrate	
Recount: Messages Purpose: To recount	Instructions: How to catch a witch Purpose: To instruct	Recount: Letters Purpose: To recount	Information: Wild Things Purpose: To inform	Recount: Postcards Purpose: To recount	Instructions: Recipes Purpose: To instruct	
		Gramma	ar: Word			
Build on previous year & focus on: Plural noun suffix -s	Build on previous units & focus on: Reinforce plural noun suffix -s -es Suffix added to verbs - er	Build on previous units & focus on: Reinforce plural noun suffix -s -es How prefix un – changes the meaning of verbs and adjectives	Build on previous units & focus on: Suffix added to verbs – ing ed er	Build on previous units & focus on: Reinforce plural noun suffix -s -es Reinforce how prefix un – changes the meaning of verbs and adjectives	Build on previous units & focus on: Reinforce plural noun suffix -s -es Suffix added to verbs - ed	
		Grammar	: Sentence			
Build on previous year & focus on: Combining words to make sentences Joining words and clauses using-and	Build on previous units & focus on: Combining words to make sentences Joining words and clauses using-and	Build on previous units & focus on: Combining words to make sentences Joining words and clauses using-and, because, so	Build on previous units & focus on: Combining words to make sentences Joining words and clauses using-and, because, so, but	Build on previous units & focus on: Combining words to make sentences Joining words and clauses using-and, because, so, but	Build on previous units & focus on: Combining words to make sentences Joining words and clauses using-and, because, so, but	
		Gramm	ar: Text			
Build on previous year & focus on: Sequencing sentences to form short narratives	Build on previous units & focus on: Sequencing sentences to form short narratives	Build on previous units & focus on: Sequencing sentences to form short narratives	Build on previous units & focus on: Sequencing sentences to form short narratives	Build on previous units & focus on: Sequencing sentences to form short narratives	Build on previous units & focus on: Sequencing sentences to form short narratives	
Grammar: Punctuation						
Build on previous year & focus on: Separation of words with spaces Capital letters Full Stops	Build on previous year & focus on: Separation of words with spaces Capital letters Full Stops	Build on previous year & focus on: Separation of words with spaces Capital letters Full Stops Question mark Exclamation mark	Build on previous year & focus on: Separation of words with spaces Capital letters Full Stops Question mark Exclamation mark Capital Letters for names and personal pronoun - I	Build on previous year & focus on: Separation of words with spaces Capital letters Full Stops Question mark Exclamation mark Capital Letters for names and personal pronoun - I	Build on previous year & focus on: Separation of words with spaces Capital letters Full Stops Question mark Exclamation mark	
Terminology for Pupils						
letter, capital letter, word, sentence, plural, singular, full stop, question mark, exclamation mark, punctuation						





Α	В	С	D	E	F	
Vehicle Text						
A River	The Night Gardener	The Bog Baby	Grandad's Island	The King Who Banned the Dark	Rosie Revere	
Writing Outcome & Writing Purpose						
Narrative: Circular Narrative	Narrative: Setting Narrative	Narrative: Finding Narrative	Narrative: Return Narrative	Narrative: Mistake Narrative	Narrative: Invention Narrative	
Purpose: To narrate	Purpose: To narrate	Purpose: To narrate	Purpose: To narrate	Purpose: To narrate	Purpose: To narrate	
Recount: Letter	Recount: Diary	Instructions: How to build a habitat	Information: Jungle Animals	Information: How to be a Regal Leader	Explanation: How a machine works	
Purpose: To inform	Purpose: To recount	Purpose: To instruct	Purpose: To inform	Purpose: To inform	Purpose: To explain	
		Gramma	ar: Word			
Build on previous units & focus on: Use of the Suffixes –er & –est in adjectives	Build on previous year & focus on: Use of the suffix –ly to turn adjectives into adverbs	Build on previous units & focus on: Formation of adjectives using suffixes e.g. —ful, —less Use of the suffix —ly to turn adjectives into adverbs	Build on previous units & focus on: Use of the Suffixes -ere & -eet in adjectives Use of the suffix -ly to turn adjectives into adverbs	Build on previous units & focus on: Formation of nouns using suffixes e.g. –ness, –er and by compounding Formation of adjectives using suffixes e.g. –ful, –less Use of the suffix –ly to turn adjectives into adverbs	Build on previous units & focus on: Formation of nouns using suffixes e.g. –ness, –er and by compounding Use of the Suffixes –er & –est in adjectives Use of the suffix –ly to turn adjectives into adverbs	
		Grammar	: Sentence			
Build on previous year & focus on: Subordination (using when, if, that, because) Co-ordination (or, and, but) Sentence indicates its function as a statement and question. Expanded Noun Phrases for description and specification	Build on previous units & focus on: Subordination (using when, if, that, because) Co-ordination (or, and, but) Sentence indicates its function as a statement, question and command. Expanded Noun Phrases for description and specification	Build on previous units & focus on: Subordination (using when, if, that, because) Co-ordination (or, and, but) Expanded noun phrases for description and specification How the grammatical patterns in a sentence indicates its function as a statement, question and command	Build on previous units & focus on: Subordination (using when, if, that, because) Co-ordination (or, and, but) Sentence indicates its function as a statement, question, command, and exclamation Expanded Noun Phrases for description and specification	Build on previous units & focus on: Expanded noun phrases for description and specification Subordination (using when, if, that, because) Co-ordination (or, and, but) How the grammatical patterns in a sentence indicates its function as question, exclamation and statement.	Build on previous units & focus on: Subordination (using when, if, that, because) Co-ordination (or, and, but) Sentence indicates its function as a statement, question, command and exclamation. Expanded Noun Phrases for description and specification	
		Gramm	ar: Text			
Build on previous year & focus on:	Build on previous units & focus on:	Build on previous units & focus on: Correct choice and consistent use of past and present tense throughout writing	Build on previous units. Correct choice and consistent use of past and present tense throughout writing	Build on previous units & focus on: Correct choice and consistent use of past and present tense throughout writing including progressive forms of verbs	Build on previous units & focus on: Correct choice and consistent use of past and present tense throughout writing including progressive forms of verbs	
Grammar: Punctuation						
Build on previous units & focus on: Use of capital letters, full stops and question marks to demarcate sentences Use apostrophes to mark singular possession in nouns	Build on previous year & focus on: Use of capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks to demarcate sentences Apostrophes to mark where letters are missing in spelling Commas to separate items in a list	Build on previous units & focus on: Use of capital letters, full stops and question marks to demarcate sentences Commas to separate items in a list Apostrophes to mark where letters are missing in spelling (contractions)	Build on previous units & focus on: Use of capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks to demarcate sentences Apostrophes to mark singular possession in nouns	Build on previous units & focus on: Use of capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks to demarcate sentences Apostrophes to mark singular possession in nouns Commas to separate items in a list	Build on previous units & focus on: Use of capital letters, full stops and question marks to demarcate sentences Apostrophes to mark singular possession in nouns Commas to separate items in a list	
Terminology for Pupils						
noun, noun phrase, statement, question, exclamation, command, compound, suffix, adjective, adverb, verb, tense (past present) apostrophe, comma						





Α	В	С	D	E	F		
Vehicle Text							
The Iron Man	Fox	Rhythm of the Rain	Jemmy Button	Egyptology	Into the Forest		
Writing Outcome & Writing Purpose							
Narrative: Approach Threat Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: Fable Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: Setting Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: Return Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: Egyptian Mystery Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: Lost Narrative Purpose: To narrate		
Explanation: How to capture the Iron Man	Information: Foxes	Recount: River Information Leaflet Purpose: To inform	Information: Letters	Instructions: Secret Diary	Recount: Newspaper Report		
Purpose: To explain	Purpose: To inform		Purpose: To recount	Purpose: To recount	Purpose: To recount		
		Gramma	ar: Word				
Build on previous year & focus on: Formation of nouns using a range of prefixes e.g. auto- super- anti-	Build on previous units & focus on: Formation of nouns using a range of prefixes e.g. auto- super- anti- (un- and re-)	Build on previous units & focus on: Use of the forms a or an when next word starts with a consonant or a vowel	Build on previous units & focus on: Use of the forms a or an when next word starts with a consonant or a vowel Word families based on common words showing how words are related in form and meaning	Build on previous units & focus on: Formation of nouns using a range of prefixes e.g. auto- super- anti- (un-) Use of the forms a or an when next word starts with a consonant or a vowel Word families based on common words showing how words are related in form and meaning	Build on previous units & focus on: Formation of nouns using a range of prefixes e.g. auto- super- anti- (mis-, in-, dis-, un-) Use of the forms a or a when next word starts with a consonant or a vowel Word families based on common words showing how words are related in form and meaning		
		Grammar	: Sentence				
Build on previous year & focus on: Expressing time, place and cause using conjunctions e.g. (when, before, after, while, so, because, if, although)	Build on previous units & focus on: Expressing time, place and cause using conjunctions e.g. (when, before, after, while, so, because, if, although) Expressing time, place and cause using prepositions e.g. (before, after, during, in, because of)	Build on previous units & focus on: Expressing time, place and cause using prepositions e.g. (before, after, during, in, because of Expressing time, place and cause using conjunctions e.g. (when, before, after, while, so, because, if, although) Expressing time, place and cause using adverbs e.g. (then, next, soon, therefore)	Build on previous units & focus on: Expressing time, place and cause using prepositions e.g. (before, after, during, in, because of	Build on previous units & focus on: Expressing time, place and cause using adverbs e.g. (then, next, soon, therefore) Expressing time, place and cause using prepositions e.g. (before, after, during, in, because of)	Build on previous units & focus on: Expressing time, place and cause using adverbs e.g. (then, next, soon, therefore)		
		Gramm	ar: Text				
Build on previous year & focus on: Present perfect form of verbs	Build on previous units & focus on: Present perfect form of verbs Introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material	Build on previous units & focus on: Introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material	Build on previous units & focus on: Introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material	Build on previous units & focus on: Introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material Headings and sub-headings to aid presentation	Build on previous units & focus on: Present perfect form of verbs Introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material Headings and sub-headings to aid presentation		
Grammar: Punctuation							
Reinforce from Year 2: Use of capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks to demarcate sentences Apostrophes to mark where letters are missing in spelling and to mark singular possession in nouns	Reinforce from Year 2: Use of capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation marks to demarcate sentences Cormas to separate items in a list Apostrophes to mark where letters are missing in spelling and to mark singular possession in nouns	Build on previous units & focus on: Apostrophes to mark where letters are missing in spelling and to mark singular possession in nouns	Build on previous units & focus on: Inverted commas to punctuate direct speech	Build on previous units & focus on: Inverted commas to punctuate direct speech	Build on previous units & focus on: Inverted commas to punctuate direct speech		
Terminology for Pupils							
	Preposition, conjunction. word	amily, prefix, clause, subordinate clause. dire	ect speech, consonant, consonant letter vow	el, vowel letter, inverted commas			
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A	В	С	D	E	F		
Vehicle Text							
The Whale	Leaf	Arthur and the Golden Rope	The Lost Happy Endings	The Journey	Manfish		
		Writing Outcome 8	& Writing Purpose				
Narrative: Setting Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: Outsider Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: Myth Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: Twisted Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: Refugee Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: Invention Narrative Purpose: To narrate		
Recount: Newspaper Report Purpose: To recount	Information: Polar Bears Purpose: To inform	Information: Defeating a Viking monster Purpose: To inform	Persuasion: Letter Purpose: To persuade	Recount: Diary Purpose: To recount	Recount: Jacques Cousteau Biography Purpose: To recount		
		Gramma	r: Word				
Build on previous units & focus on: Verb inflections (we were instead of we was)	Build on previous year & focus on: Grammatical difference between plural and possessive -s	Build on previous units & focus on: Grammatical difference between plural and possessive -s	Build on previous units & focus on: Grammatical difference between plural and possessive -s	Build on previous units & focus on: Verb inflections (we were instead of we was)	Build on previous units & focus on: Verb inflections (we were instead of we was)		
		Grammar:	Sentence				
Build on previous units & focus on: Noun phrases expanded by the addition of modifying adjectives, nouns and prepositions Fronted adverbials	Build on previous year & focus on: Noun phrases expanded by the addition of modifying adjectives, nouns and preposition phrases Fronted adverbials	Build on previous units & focus on: Noun phrases expanded by the addition of modifying adjectives, nouns and prepositions Fronted adverbials	Build on previous units & focus on: Noun phrases expanded by the addition of modifying adjectives, nouns and prepositions Fronted adverbials	Build on previous units & focus on: Fronted adverbials	Build on previous units & focus on: Fronted adverbials		
		Gramma	ar: Text				
Build on previous units & focus on: Nouns or pronouns to aid cohesion and avoid repetition Paragraphs to organise ideas around a theme	Build on previous year & focus on: Paragraphs to organise ideas around a theme	Build on previous units & focus on: Nouns or pronouns to aid cohesion and avoid repetition Paragraphs to organise ideas around a theme	Build on previous units & focus on: Paragraphs to organise ideas around a theme	Build on previous units & focus on: Nouns or pronouns to aid cohesion and avoid repetition Paragraphs to organise ideas around a theme	Build on previous units & focus on: Nouns or pronouns to aid cohesion and avoid repetition Paragraphs to organise ideas around a theme		
Grammar: Punctuation							
Build on previous units & focus on: Inverted commas and other punctuation to indicate direct speech Use commas after fronted adverbials	Build on previous year & focus on: Apostrophes for possession (plural nouns) Use commas after fronted adverbials	Build on previous units & focus on: Apostrophes for possession (plural nouns)	Build on previous units & focus on: Inverted commas and other punctuation to indicate direct speech Apostrophes for possession (plural nouns) Use commas after fronted adverbials	Build on previous units & focus on: Inverted commas and other punctuation to indicate direct speech Apostrophes for possession (plural nouns) Use commas after fronted adverbials	Build on previous units & focus on: Inverted commas and other punctuation to indicate direct speech Use commas after fronted adverbials		
	Terminology for Pupils						
	Determiner, pronoun, possessive pronoun, adverbial						





А	В	С	D	E	F	
Vehicle Text						
Where Once We Stood	FArTHER	The Hound of the Baskervilles	The Promise	The Lost Book of Adventure	King Kong	
		Writing Outcome	& Writing Purpose			
Narrative: Exploration Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: Setting Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: Cliff hanger Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: Character Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: Survival Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Narrative: Dilemma Narrative Purpose: To narrate	
Recount: Formal Report Purpose: To recount	Recount: Letter Purpose: To recount	Recount: Formal Event Report Purpose: To inform	Instructions: Newspaper Report Purpose: To recount	Explanation: Survival Guide Purpose: To explain	Discussion: Balanced Argument Purpose: To discuss	
		Gramma	ar: Word			
Build on previous year & focus on: The difference between vocabulary of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate to formal speech and writing – formal tone	Build on previous units & focus on: The difference between vocabulary of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate to formal speech and writing – formal tone	Build on previous units & focus on: The difference between vocabulary of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate to formal speech and writing – formal tone	Build on previous units & focus on: Verb prefixes re, over, dis The difference between vocabulary of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate to formal speech and writing – formal tone	Build on previous units & focus on: Use a thesaurus with confidence Verb prefixes mis, over and de Transforming nouns and adjectives into verbs	Build on previous units & focus on: The difference between vocabulary of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate to formal speech and writing – formal tone	
		Grammar	: Sentence			
Build on previous year & focus on: Indicate degrees of possibility using modal verbs Understand the difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate to formal speech in writing, eg the use of the passive form	Build on previous units & focus on: Indicate degrees of possibility using modal verbs	Build on previous units & focus on: Relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or an omitted relative pronoun Use commas to clarify meaning and avoid ambiguity Semi-colons to separate the boundary between independent clauses	Build on previous units & focus on: Indicate degrees of possibility using modal verbs and adverbs	Build on previous units & focus on: Indicate degrees of possibility using adverbs. Understand the difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate to formal speech in writing, eg the use of the passive form	Build on previous units & focus on: Relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or an omitted relative pronoun Understand the difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate to formal speech in writing, eg the use of the passive form	
		Gramm	ar: Text			
Build on previous year & focus on: Linking ideas across paragraphs, using adverbials	Build on previous units & focus on: Linking ideas across paragraphs, using adverbials	Build on previous units & focus on: Linking ideas across paragraphs, using adverbials	Build on previous units & focus on: Linking ideas across paragraphs, using adverbials	Build on previous units & focus on: Linking ideas across paragraphs, using adverbials	Build on previous units & focus on: Linking ideas across paragraphs, using adverbials Use a range of devices to build cohesion, eg conjunctions	
Grammar: Punctuation						
Build on previous year & focus on: Dashes to mark boundaries between independent clauses	Build on previous units & focus on: Commas for parenthesis Dashes to mark boundaries between independent clauses	Build on previous units & focus on: Use hyphens to avoid ambiguity Semi-colons to mark boundaries between independent clauses Colons and bullet points	Build on previous units & focus on: Use hyphens to avoid ambiguity	Build on previous units & focus on: Semi-colons to mark boundaries between independent clauses of equal weighting Use hyphens to avoid ambiguity Commas for clarity	Build on previous units & focus on: Recap speech punctuation Brackets for parenthesis	
Terminology for Pupils						
modal verb, relative pronoun, relative clause, parenthesis, bracket, dash, cohesion, ambiguity						





Α	В	С	D	E	F		
Vehicle Text							
Rose Blanche	A Story Like the Wind	The Origin of the Species	Wolves	Shackleton's Journey	Hansel and Gretel		
	Writing Outcome & Writing Purpose						
Recount: Diary	Narrative: Flashback Narrative	Narrative: Discovery Narrative	Recount: First Person Narrative	Narrative: Endurance Narrative	Narrative: Dual Narrative		
Purpose: To recount	Purpose: To narrate	Purpose: To narrate	Purpose: To narrate Discussion: Balanced Argument Purpose: To discuss	Purpose: To narrate	Purpose: To narrate		
Recount: Bravery Speech Award	Recount: Newspaper Report	Explanation: Adaptation	Information Text: Wolves	Recount: Magazine Article	Persuasion: Letter		
Purpose: To recount & inform (hybrid)	Purpose: To recount	Purpose: To explain	Purpose: To inform Narrative: Suspense Narrative Purpose: To narrate	Purpose: To recount	Purpose: To persuade		
		Gramma	ar: Word				
Build on previous year & focus on: Understand how words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms The difference between vocabulary of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate to formal speech and writing – formal and informal vocabulary choices	Build on previous units & focus on: Understand how words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms The difference between vocabulary of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate to formal speech and writing - informality of direct quote contrasting with formality of vocabulary choices	Build on previous units & focus on: Understand how words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms The difference between vocabulary of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate to formal speech and writing	Build on previous units & focus on: Understand how words are related by meaning as synonyms antonyms The difference between vocabulary of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate to formal speech and writing – technical vocabulary and precise use of nouns, verbs and adjectives to add to formal tone	Build on previous units & focus on: Understand how words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms The difference between vocabulary of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate to formal speech and writing – formal tone	Build on previous units & focus on: Understand how words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms The difference between vocabulary of informal speech and vocabulary appropriate to formal speect and writing – formal tone		
		Grammar	: Sentence				
Build on previous year & focus on: The difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate to formal - use of question tags in informal speech	Build on previous units & focus on: The difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate to formal	Build on previous units & focus on: The difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate to formal	Build on previous units & focus on: Use of the passive to affect the presentation of information in a sentence The use of question tags in informal speech	Build on previous units & focus on: Use of the passive to affect the presentation of information in a sentence	Build on previous units & focus on: The difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate to formal speech in writing -the use of the subjunctive form in some very formal speech and writing Wish – if i vere		
		Gramm	ar: Text				
Build on previous year & focus on: Linking ideas within and across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices – adverbials	Build on previous units & focus on: Linking ideas within and across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices – repetition and ellipsis Use headings, sub-headings, columns and captions to structure information	Build on previous units & focus on: Linking ideas within and across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices Use headings and sub-headings to structure information	Build on previous units & focus on: Linking ideas within and across paragraphs, using a wider range of cohesive devices eg. the use of conjunctions, adverbials, pronouns and synonyms Use of headings, sub-headings and builtets to structure texts	Build on previous units & focus on: Linking ideas within and across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices – adverbials Use headings and sub-headings to structure text	Build on previous units & focus on: Linking ideas within and across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices – pronouns		
Grammar: Punctuation							
Build on previous year & focus on: Colons to introduce a list and semi-colons for more elaborate lists Use commas, brackets and dashes for parenthesis Semi-colon to separate two main clauses	Build on previous units & focus on: Use dashes, brackets and semi-colons to punctuate sentences precisely to enhance meaning Use range of punctuation taught at KS2 (Speech punctuation)	Build on previous units & focus on: Use dashes, brackets and semi-colons to punctuate sentences precisely to enhance meaning Use range of punctuation taught at KS2 (Speech punctuation)	Build on previous units & focus on: Colon to introduce a list and semi-colons for more elaborate lists Use commas to punctuate relative clauses Speech punctuation Use the semi-colon as the boundary between independent clauses Punctuation of buillet points Hyphens used to avoid ambiguity	Build on previous units & focus on: Use commas to clarify meaning and avoid ambiguity: Used as a break in a sentence, after a fronted adverbial, separate items in a list and parenthesis Using semi-colons as boundaries between independent clauses	Build on previous units & focus on: Use the semi-colon as the boundary between independent clauses Hyphens are used to clarify meaning and avoid ambiguity		
Terminology for Pupils							
subject, object, active, passive, synonym, antonym, ellipsis, hyphen, colon, semi-colon, bullet points							



